



练习册

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全品

学练考

高中英语

选择性必修第四册 RJ

细分课时

分层设计

落实基础

突出重点

详答案本

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01

培养核心素养，聚焦主题语境

导学案

Unit 1 SCIENCE FICTION

主题素养积累

Robot nurses

[导读] 依托大数据、人工智能、5G 等核心技术，机器人应用场景日益丰富，护理机器人就是其中一例。那么，目前的护理机器人能辅助人类做哪些工作呢？

In Japan, human-like robots are already **being employed as** health care workers in homes for the elderly. Larger robotic machines are used to complete physical tasks such as moving patients, while smaller robots are being used to fight loneliness and **inactivity** in the elderly population.

Advanced robots have additional devices including touch-screens. While many elderly people prefer giving spoken commands to the robots, for those with age-related hearing loss or eye problems, having the choice to use the touch-screen is important.

It's likely that artificial intelligence will be applied in the examination and treatment of patients globally in the near future. At CES

Meanwhile Moxi, a socially intelligent hospital robot developed by Diligent Robotics, has **gone into service** at three hospitals in Texas, US, as part of a pilot programme designed to **free up** nurses. "Almost 30% of our tasks are to get things," explained Phebe Lyepe, a nurse at Texas Health in Dallas, where the trial took place. "But all you need to do is press your voice button and call for Moxi." During trials, Moxi delivered things patients needed to boxes outside each patient's room and lab specimens (样本) to the lab, and carried heavy bags from patients' rooms to a cleaning area.

Moxi is being used in hospitals across the state.

【主题词句背诵】

1. be employed as 被聘为/雇用为
2. inactivity *n.* 不活动;钝化
3. be applied in 被应用在;应用于
4. sensor *n.* 传感器

02

夯实语言基础，搭建知识框架

词汇点睛

1. test out 检验;测试

(教材 P2) It was going to be **tested out** by Larry's wife, Claire.

它将由拉里的妻子克莱尔进行测试。

- (1) test *n. & v.* 测验;测试;检查
test sth on sth 在……上对……做试验
- (2) stand the test of time 经得起时间的考验

【佳句背诵】

His work is to **test out** new designs of cars before they are put on the market.

他的工作是在汽车投入市场之前对它们的新设计进行检验。

【活学活用】

◆单句填空

① _____ (test) the effect of social influence on eating habits, the researchers conducted two

句型透视

1. (教材 P2) **He seemed more like a human than a machine.** 他看起来更像一个人,而不是一台机器。

句型公式

more... than... 与其说……,倒不如说……

【句式点拨】

此句运用了“more... than...”结构,常译为“与其说……不如说……”,more 表示程度,than 连接平行成分,其后常用省略形式。

【相关拓展】

- (1) more than + 数词,表示“超过;不止”,相当于 over;
more than + 名词,意为“不只是;不仅仅”,相当于 not only;
more than + 形容词/副词,意为“非常,很”,相当于 very。
- (2) more than one 意为“不止一个”,后接可数名词单数,作主语时谓动词用单数。

课内基础巩固

I 品句识词(写出黑体词的汉语意思)

- Workers in big firms receive a substantial part of their pay in the form of **bonuses** and overtime. _____
- She claims she was unfairly **dismissed** from her post. _____
- A lamp was **suspended** from the ceiling. _____
- These days, are you spending more time feeling **guilty** about not working out? _____
- The government has **declared** a state of emergency. _____

has been asked to _____ (暂停) business for half a year to raise standards.

- I have a strong desire to see the differences and _____ (相似之处) in how people live everywhere in the world.

II 短语填空

- The real winners in sports are those who know how to persevere and to behave _____ (有尊严地)—whether they win or lose a game.
- The boy _____ (为……感到内疚) taking money from his mother's handbag without permission.

课后素养提升

IV 阅读理解

[2024·吉林“BEST合作体”高二期末]

At the end of 2019, I learned that Here-what it was promising, I applied to experiment the software on my very-much-alive parents.

At first, I thought it would be just a fun project to see what was technologically possible. Then their health condition added some urgency to the experiment. I was frightened that my parents might die since my father had been diagnosed with cancer and my mother was recently developing symptoms of early Alzheimer's disease, and that with the distance between us, I might never have the chance to say goodbye.

The first step was an interview. My parents were asked questions by a technician for hours—about everything from their earliest memories to what they believe will happen after

After AI, whose goal is to let the living communicate with the dead, was looking for applicants of its new AI project. Interested in about them, face to face, no technology involved.

- () 1. Why did the author initially join the AI project?
- To test out the new technology.
 - To preserve her parents' voice.
 - To learn more about her parents' life.
 - To remove the worry about her parents' health.
- () 2. What can we learn about the author's parents?
- They liked talking a lot.
 - They died from the illnesses.
 - They opposed joining the project at first.
 - They provided data for the project.

III 写作

第一节 应用文写作

假定你是李华，上周五你们班在学校科学俱乐部观看了一场科幻电影。请你给英国的朋友 Chris 写一封邮件分享这次经历。内容包括：

- 电影简介；
- 你的感想。

注意：写作词数应为 80 个左右。

Dear Chris,

Best regards,

Li Hua

第二节 读后续写

[2024·四川成都蓉城联盟高二期末]

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

A writing assignment

Mrs Peabody, the English teacher, gave the class a writing assignment. "Write something in some way related to summer vacation," she said. "Be as creative as you can. But," the teacher added, "make sure you use proper spelling and grammar."

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Period One Reading and Thinking—Comprehension

课内基础巩固

❶ 品句识词(写出黑体词的汉语意思)

- Workers in big firms receive a substantial part of their pay in the form of **bonuses** and overtime. _____
- She claims she was unfairly **dismissed** from her post. _____
- A lamp was **suspended** from the ceiling. _____
- These days, are you spending more time feeling **guilty** about not working out? _____
- The government has **declared** a state of emergency. _____

❷ 单词拼写

- It is _____ (荒谬的) to judge a foreign culture only by its food.
- We've always regarded him as a man of _____ (正直) and high professional competence.
- In some cases people have had to wait several weeks for an _____ (预约).
- Some of the studies show positive results, _____ (然而) others do not.
- He longs for a society in which the _____ (尊严) of all people is recognized.
- His lawyers are confident that the judges will _____ (宣告) Mr Stevens innocent.
- Because of the fatal accident, the factory

has been asked to _____ (暂停) business for half a year to raise standards.

- I have a strong desire to see the differences and _____ (相似之处) in how people live everywhere in the world.

❸ 短语填空

- The real winners in sports are those who know how to persevere and to behave _____ (有尊严地)—whether they win or lose a game.
- The boy _____ (为……感到内疚) taking money from his mother's handbag without permission.
- These sceptical scientists wrote reports that sounded _____ (更像是) **fiction** than fact.
- Clare made it a rule to _____ her granny _____ (陪某人到……) the church during those days.
- I was about to tell you that I would _____ (与……有约) my dentist at 9:00 o'clock tomorrow.
- Scientists _____ (用……做实验) rats in order to discover facts about human behaviour.
- She _____ (被解雇) her job last week for disobeying the company's safety regulations.

课后素养提升

❹ 阅读理解

[2024·吉林“BEST合作体”高二期末]

At the end of 2019, I learned that Here-

After AI, whose goal is to let the living communicate with the dead, was looking for applicants of its new AI project. Interested in

what it was promising, I applied to experiment the software on my very-much-alive parents.

At first, I thought it would be just a fun project to see what was technologically possible. Then their health condition added some urgency to the experiment. I was frightened that my parents might die since my father had been diagnosed with cancer and my mother was recently developing symptoms of early Alzheimer's disease, and that with the distance between us, I might never have the chance to say goodbye.

The first step was an interview. My parents were asked questions by a technician for hours—about everything from their earliest memories to what they believe will happen after they die. Whether through illness-generated concerns or a willingness to humour their daughter, my parents put up zero resistance. The company then took their responses and started to create the voice assistants. A few months later, my virtual parents arrived via e-mail attachment.

When I communicated with them through the app on my phone, my hands were shaking. I hadn't seen my actual, real parents for six months. They told me personal stories I'd never heard. They gave me life advice and told me things about their childhoods, as well as my own. It was mesmerizing.

Personally, I have mixed feelings about my experiment. I'm glad to have my virtual parents. They've enabled me to learn new things about my parents, and it's comforting to think that the software will be there even when my parents aren't. On the other hand, I can't help but find it sad that it took a stranger interviewing my parents for me to properly appreciate the complex people they are. But I feel lucky to have had the chance to grasp that and to still have the precious opportunity to spend more time with them and learn more

about them, face to face, no technology involved.

- ()1. Why did the author initially join the AI project?
- A. To test out the new technology.
B. To preserve her parents' voice.
C. To learn more about her parents' life.
D. To remove the worry about her parents' health.
- ()2. What can we learn about the author's parents?
- A. They liked talking a lot.
B. They died from the illnesses.
C. They opposed joining the project at first.
D. They provided data for the project.
- ()3. What does the underlined word "mesmerizing" mean in Paragraph 4?
- A. Alarming. B. Fascinating.
C. Inspiring. D. Disgusting.
- ()4. What does the author realize at last?
- A. AI means never saying goodbye to our parents.
B. The advances in AI technology have pros and cons.
C. The real connection with our parents matters most.
D. AI allows us to learn more about our virtual parents.

❶ 阅读七选五 [2024·湖南衡阳高二期末]

The information age has reached a critical point, with AI's superior computation ability surpassing that of humans. A report released by Goldman Sachs in March 2023 estimated that AI is capable of doing a quarter of all the work currently done by humans. 1. _____ It would not just happen to individuals, but it could be pretty systematic. Across the European Union and US, the report further notes, 300 million jobs are expected to be lost to automation.

2. _____ According to Martin Ford, author of *Rule of the Robots: How Artificial Intelligence Will Transform Everything*, three categories are going to be relatively secure in the foreseeable future. 3. _____ That means you're not doing formulaic (程式化的) work or just rearranging things, but generating new ideas. For example, in the field of science, where your job is coming up with a novel strategy or solution, there's going to be a place for human beings.

The second category is jobs that require sophisticated interpersonal relationships like nurses, business consultants and investigative journalists. These are jobs where you need a very deep understanding of people. 4. _____

The third safe zone includes jobs that really require lots of mobility and problem-solving ability in unpredictable environments. Electricians, plumbers, welders (焊工) and the like all fall under this umbrella, where you're dealing with different situations all the time.

In short, seeking roles in dynamic, shifting environments that include unpredictable tasks is a good way to avoid job loss to AI, at least, for a while. It's important to note that an advanced education is not a defense against AI takeover. In many cases, more educated workers are going to be more threatened than even the least educated workers. 5. _____ It's really hard to automate that job.

- A. That could be terrible.
- B. However, they are not coming for all jobs.
- C. Thankfully, there are still things AI isn't capable of.
- D. The first would be jobs that are genuinely creative.
- E. Think of the person that cleans hotel rooms.

- F. That doesn't necessarily mean all jobs that are considered "creative" are safe.
- G. It'll be a long time before AI has the ability to really build relationships and interact.

Ⅶ 语法填空

Open AI has introduced Sora, an advanced AI model designed to make videos from written descriptions or pictures. This 1. _____ (represent) OpenAI's move into the video creation area, joining other leading companies and new businesses. Sora stands out by making high-quality videos 2. _____ can show complex scenes with many characters, different movements, and detailed backgrounds. It can also improve existing videos by filling in missing parts, showing 3. _____ (it) strong grasp of language and 4. _____ (understand) of the real world.

Sora can make videos in 5. _____ variety of styles, including photo realistic and cartoon, lasting up to a minute. Demonstrations by OpenAI show Sora's ability to produce videos that tell clear stories and show deep emotions, avoiding typical mistakes 6. _____ (make) by AI. However, even with its advanced features, Sora has its challenges. It may have trouble copying the 7. _____ (nature) laws of complex scenes or showing actions and their outcomes 8. _____ (accurate), like a cookie not having a bite mark.

Aware of some 9. _____ (risk) of misuse, OpenAI has not released Sora for general use. The organization stresses the need for careful development and use of AI, aiming to stop negative uses. For this, OpenAI is looking into ways to confirm videos made by Sora, which is regarded 10. _____ the future research trend.

班级

姓名

题号
答案区

阅读理解

1

2

3

4

七选五

1

2

3

4

5

Period Two Reading and Thinking—Language points

课内基础巩固

❶ 单句填空

1. Knowing that an increasing number of animals were endangered, scientists and researchers were _____ (alarm).
2. His _____ (dismiss) from the factory forced him to leave his hometown and seek jobs in other cities.
3. Two hand rings and a swing _____ (suspend) from the roof, all of which were installed by my father to help me strengthen my muscles.
4. The two _____ (saleswoman) were busily trying to keep up with the demands of customers.
5. Faced with the present crisis, it is ridiculous _____ (imagine) that the recovery would be quick and easy.
6. Ten minutes before the _____ (appoint) time, he sat nervously outside her office.
7. The participants are waiting anxiously, and the final result of the drama competition _____ (declare) in 30 minutes.
8. He works slowly and precisely _____ I tend to rush things and make mistakes.
9. Unlike her job at the hospital, she now gets to spend more quality time with patients and as _____ added **bonus**, her pay is better.
10. According to the new law, people who are **guilty** _____ drunk driving shall face a fine up to 2,000 *yuan*.

❷ 短语填空

1. He came home very late last night, _____ _____ (或者更确切地说) very early this morning.
2. When I sent my best friend to the airport, she _____ (转身) to wave and say goodbye to me.
3. Working in the new school gave him a chance to _____ (测试) some of the latest ideas in education.
4. The children stared at the picture _____ (惊奇地) as they had never seen a more interesting one.
5. Outgoing people usually make big movements with their arms, while quieter people keep their arms _____ (靠近) their bodies.
6. To our regret, yesterday the old man _____ (从……摔下) the bike, breaking his left leg.
7. Reviewing _____ (及时) what we've learnt in class is a very important learning skill.
8. At the beginning of this term, students are supplied with _____ (一张……的清单) books that they are expected to read.

❸ 句型训练

1. We each have the ability to contribute to our society and to _____ for our grandchildren. (make + 宾语 + 宾补)
我们每个人都有能力为社会做贡献, 并为我们的孙辈创造更美好的世界。
2. A ship was passing by a deserted island, _____ who was shouting and waving his arms wildly. (完全倒装)

一艘船正驶过一座荒岛，岛上站着一个人，他大喊大叫，疯狂地挥舞手臂。

3. She pretended to be cheerful, _____
_____ . (分词作状语)

她假装很高兴，对于争论只字未提。

4. To ensure that your résumé works for you,

I recommend writing it _____
_____. (more like ...
than)

为了确保你的简历对你有利，我建议把它写得更像一份提案，而不是一份工作描述。

课后素养提升

Ⅳ 阅读理解

[2024·福建福州五校高二期末联考]

When we talk about robots, we may immediately think of sci-fi-inspired humanoid machines. While they primarily remain mythical (虚构的), there are numerous more types of robots in use today. Robots differ from other machines in how they interact with the world. They have the ability to change their surroundings and respond to the world around them based on their actions. Yet, as we've seen, they're not yet good for all areas of life. Will this, however, change in the future?

By the mid-2030s, business network PwC expects that robots will have automated up to 30% of occupations. According to some projections, the global stock of robots might reach 20 million by 2030, with automated labour displacing (替代) up to 51 million people in the next ten years. While robots are unlikely to take over the world, we may expect to see more of them in our everyday lives.

Robots are transforming the world by assisting people in performing tasks more efficiently and in ways that were previously impossible. Robots help with disaster response, improve physical abilities, serve in sectors that require human connection, and permit exploration beyond Earth's borders. Robots are having a generally positive impact on the globe. They may be replacing some human employment, but they also improve efficiency, which improves economic activities, which in turn creates more opportunities for humans to develop new ways to earn money.

Machines and robots with the ability to learn could have an even wider range of behooves. Robots that can adapt to their surroundings, learn new procedures, and change their behaviour in the future will be better suitable for more complicated activities. Robots have the potential to improve our lives in the long run. They may be able to improve healthcare and make transportation more efficient, in addition to shouldering the strain of physically demanding or repetitive work.

- () 1. What makes robots different from other machines?
- A. The way they respond to the world.
B. The surroundings they can adapt to.
C. The diversity of their types and effects.
D. The important role they play in the world.
- () 2. How does the author develop the second paragraph?
- A. By making comparisons.
B. By analysing the reasons.
C. By listing figures.
D. By giving different opinions.
- () 3. Which of the following may the author agree with about the future of robots?
- A. They will help humans earn more money.
B. They can free humans from housework completely.
C. They will take over most areas of people's future life.
D. They may do more good than harm to humans' future.

班级
姓名

题号
阅读
理解

1
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完形
填空

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- () 4. What does the underlined word “behooves” in the last paragraph probably mean?
- A. Origins. B. Applications.
C. Choices. D. Challenges.

Ⅶ 完形填空 [2024·山东潍坊高二期末]

It's known that our screens are like prisons. But can we 1 ourselves? As a committed writer, I've decided to try the pre-Internet life with one-week digital detox (脱瘾)—no computers or cellphones. But before it, I need a little 2. First, I need to explain the concept to my friends and family so they're not 3 why I've suddenly fallen off the map. Then I find my landline phone 4 years ago and plug it in. At last, I'll put my iPhone in the drawer and shut it. Once it's 5, there will be no turning back. Very soon, I realize that I underestimated my screen 6. I feel nervous.

The next morning, the alarm clock goes off and I 7 reach towards the bedside table. No phone. No checking messages. I have no choice but to look out of the window: it's a beautiful day.

At work, I'm not thinking about the 8 piling up in the phone. Afterwards, I realize I've 9 much of the day offline. And all my vitals are 10. Back at home, I manage to produce more than ten lines on paper before my 11 weakens slightly, and the digital device tempts (诱惑) me. We all know how it goes. You 12 your phone for a very specific reason such as calling your mum, and then get caught in a social media post. When you put your phone down, you wonder why you 13 the phone in the first place.

At night, I fall 14 on the bed, my book on my chest, with a little less blue light in my body and without a 15 at my e-mails, just in case. In case of what exactly?

- () 1. A. free B. behave
C. forgive D. enjoy
- () 2. A. attention B. comfort
C. concentration D. preparation
- () 3. A. feeling B. declaring
C. wondering D. forecasting
- () 4. A. donated B. abandoned
C. sold D. broken
- () 5. A. absorbed B. locked
C. improved D. updated
- () 6. A. load B. stress
C. examination D. dependency
- () 7. A. desperately B. habitually
C. curiously D. suddenly
- () 8. A. e-mails B. books
C. applications D. codes
- () 9. A. brightened B. wasted
C. survived D. celebrated
- () 10. A. safe B. stable
C. uncontrollable D. unpredictable
- () 11. A. pain B. tension
C. curiosity D. inspiration
- () 12. A. purchase B. answer
C. grab D. charge
- () 13. A. picked up B. handed over
C. took away D. sent back
- () 14. A. ill B. down
C. asleep D. apart
- () 15. A. glance B. stop
C. smile D. reflection

Period Three Learning About Language (Grammar)

课内基础巩固

❶ 单句填空

- Have you handed in your schoolwork yet?
—Yes, I have. I guess it _____
(grade) now.
- When they got home they found that their house _____ (break) into and a lot of valuable things stolen.
- People sit uncomfortably on plastic chairs, reading old magazines, all of which _____ (read) hundreds of times previously.
- Nowadays, cycling, along with jogging and swimming, _____ (regard) as one of the best all-round forms of exercise.
- When fat and salt _____ (remove) from food, the food tastes as if it is missing something.
- His efforts paid off and the medicine _____ (prove) to be very effective.
- I was sent to the village last month to see how the development plan _____ (carry) out in the following two years.
- He _____ for the accident last week, but actually, he is not the one who is _____ for it. (blame)

❷ 语法与写作

- The number of deaths from cancer _____ greatly if people _____ to eat more fruit and vegetables.
如果说服人们多吃水果和蔬菜,癌症死亡人数将大大减少。
- All the factors had better _____ when we make key decisions in our daily life.
当我们在日常生活中做出关键决定时,最好考虑到所有因素。
- On the last day of our week-long stay, we _____, listening to musicians and meeting interesting locals.

在我们为期一周的逗留的最后一天,我们应邀参加了一场私人音乐会,聆听了音乐家(的演奏),并遇见了有趣的当地人。

- When I entered the room, I found that the detailed information of this activity _____ at the meeting.
当我走进房间时,我发现会议上正在讨论这项活动的详细信息。
- Nowadays the funds _____ to prevent the endangered species from dying out.
如今(人们)正在筹款以阻止濒危物种灭绝。

❸ 语篇填空

People in cities, 1. _____ (trap) in the forest of steel-and-cement structures for long, can't wait to embrace nature on weekends. For those 2. _____ (look) to escape the concrete jungle, maybe it's time to dive into the bamboo forests of southern Sichuan, China. A natural forest that the people in Sichuan tend 3. _____ (visit) is the Southern Sichuan Bamboo Forest in Yibin.

The 120-square-kilometre Bamboo Forest is the 4. _____ (large) primeval bamboo park in China and its average temperature seldom drops below 0°C in winter 5. _____ many parts of the country are covered with snow and ice.

It has been a popular tourist attraction since scenes from the Oscar-winning *Crouching Tiger Hidden Dragon* 6. _____ (shoot) there in 2001. Two years later, it got an eco-tour rating when it was listed 7. _____ a world-class bamboo reserve in December 2003, becoming the 8. _____ (four) tourism destination in China to be granted Green Globe 21 certification.

The Bamboo Forest covers Changning and Jiang'an, two counties of Yibin. Shocked by its vast expanse, Huang Tingjian, 9. _____ poet in the Song Dynasty, described it as

“bamboo waves”. As Huang was an influential man of letters, his 10. _____ (describe) gave rise to the forest's popular nickname—the Bamboo Forest.

课后素养提升

Ⅷ 阅读理解 [2024·河北唐山高二期末]

A lot of scientific and technological achievements within the last 100 years were prophesied(预言) within sci-fi literature long before they came into physical existence. Throughout modern history, there has been a symbiotic(共生的) relationship between fiction and those in the science and technology fields. Pioneering science fiction synthesises(综合) and popularizes(推广) new ideas of the imagination, which in turn can lead others to establish the real-world with such ideas.

This idea highlights the notion that these so-called “fiction” writers are not just predicting the future but actually indirectly creating it.

For instance, *Black Mirror: Nosedive* predicted a range of technological developments. It imagined a personality rating system, which is now starting to be introduced within China, as a private credit and behaviour scoring system called “Sesame(芝麻) credit”. This system conducts behavioural analysis data based on the citizens' bill payments, abilities to hold contracts, shopping habits, online behaviour and characteristics of online friendships. Very low scores can affect people's real-world lives—as described in the *Black Mirror*, the public is restricted from making reservations at hotels or restaurants, for example.

Something as simple as providing inspiration for an idea that an inventor can actually develop shows the shaping effect the

domain can have on the world. Google Glass, self-driving cars, artificial intelligence—even human genetic modification, anti-aging processes, and space travel—are all ideas that appeared in science fiction before reality. Elon Musk's SpaceX plan of colonizing Mars is an example that we are going to see for ourselves.

Over time, history shows that science fiction is less of a predictor of the future and more of an indirect creator. With the inspiration of many aspects of our modern life based on sci-fi films, television, books, etc., the genre itself can be seen as effectively playing a part in shaping our future. What do you think will be the next real-world sci-fi creation? Flying cars? Neural networks? We can only wait to find out...

- () 1. What role does “sci-fi literature” play in the real world according to the text?
- A. A creator of the future.
 - B. A reflection of the real world.
 - C. A source of new ideas.
 - D. A signal of new scientific breakthroughs.
- () 2. What is the author's purpose of writing Paragraph 3?
- A. To recommend a sci-fi TV show.
 - B. To explain why sci-fi artworks can predict the future.
 - C. To describe how sci-fi artworks shape the future.
 - D. To show the importance of building the “Sesame credit” system.

- () 3. Why does the author give an example of Elon Musk's SpaceX plan?
- To tell people where the SpaceX plan came from.
 - To prove the SpaceX plan is worthy of investment.
 - To show how a sci-fi idea inspires inventors to turn it into reality.
 - To emphasize the relationship between virtual and real worlds.

- () 4. What would be the best title for this text?
- How science fiction is shaping our future
 - Should we be worried about the sci-fi artworks?
 - Why should we encourage the sci-fi creation?
 - Technological development contributes to sci-fi artworks

● 阅读七选五

[2024·安徽合肥庐巢七校高二联考]

Science fiction, or sci-fi, with more themes related to environmental issues, overpopulation, and technological growth, has explosively (爆发地) grown in popularity since the beginning of the 21st century. 1. _____

Some Chinese sci-fi history

2. _____ Few works were translated. And the Western world had little to no taste for it. The history of Chinese sci-fi is extensive, but the modern genre first took root during the 1900s. Authors such as Lu Xun promoted sci-fi's early development in China and translated multiple Western stories like Jules Verne's *From the Earth to the Moon*. Following the 1970s, China began its own golden age of science fiction. Movies, clubs, magazines, societies and communities formed around this

genre and became increasingly popular among Chinese readers. 3. _____

Its entry into the West

Chinese sci-fi has become internationally recognized, mainly because of Ken Liu, who translated *The Three-Body Problem*, the first contemporary Chinese sci-fi novel to be translated into English. 4. _____ Chinese sci-fi's introduction into the West began with this novel, and it couldn't have been given a better international debut (首次亮相). Liu has become a go-to source for Chinese authors seeking international audiences.

What makes Chinese sci-fi distinctive (独特的)

The subgenre is unique for using a number of cultural and traditional objects, words, places and beliefs. 5. _____ The stories are also different because many modern Chinese sci-fi authors were heavily affected by the events of the 20th century. Their perspectives (思维方式) and ideas on morals, ethics (伦理标准), government, politics, science and anything in between come from standpoints previously unknown to Western readers.

- Published in 2014, it proved to be a huge success.
- He is a writer, translator and computer scientist.
- Before the 2000s, Chinese sci-fi was lesser-known.
- Chinese sci-fi also made its way to take the West by storm.
- Similar to Western sci-fi, it has experienced the ups and downs.
- This laid the foundation for its eventual introduction to Western readers.
- This makes Chinese sci-fi a cultural and historical analysis of China.

班级

姓名

题号
答案区

阅读理解

1

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4

七选五

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Period Four Using Language

课内基础巩固

❶ 单词拼写

1. The stadium has been specifically designed as a _____ (活动场地) for World Cup matches.
2. He was not able to walk without a cane and could only navigate steps _____ (向后).
3. People on the platform were waving _____ (手帕) and blowing kisses to their friends as the train left the station.
4. When she thought she heard someone following her, she quickened her _____ (步伐).
5. Although they _____ (努力工作) under the unfavourable conditions, they fulfilled the plan.

❷ 单句填空

1. The bomb failed _____ (explode) and all the police present breathed a sigh of relief.
2. The streets in this district were narrow and _____ (mud), and there were terrible smells everywhere.
3. His **declaration** did not produce any immediate cheers, only a _____ (stun) silence while the words sank in.
4. When I was young, I helped out in the tents _____ (fetch) and carrying.
5. The report **urged** that all children _____ (teach) to swim.
6. The satellite enables us _____ (calculate) our precise location anywhere in the world.
7. Students are asked to prepare material in

advance of each _____ (week) seminar.

8. There are deep _____ (divide) among the neighbours over how to deal with the household garbage.
9. The new commuter trains are able to run _____ a maximum speed of 140 km per hour, about four times the speed of subways.
10. The idea developed **inch** _____ inch in his mind until he perfected it.

❸ 短语填空

1. She decided that I was the ideal person to _____ (接管) the job.
2. They sat for hours debating the _____ (利与弊) of setting up their own firm.
3. The English party which was organized by our class _____ (结果是) to be very successful.
4. We need to constantly update and review the needed documents _____ (经常地,以定期的方式).
5. Technically this model _____ (比……更好) its competitors. Therefore, it is well received by customers.
6. These results _____ (与……冲突) earlier findings, which indicates that the plan can't be carried out.
7. We received several answers, and we picked one _____ (随意地).
8. Since the pre-historic times, man _____ (有强烈的欲望) satisfy his needs.

❹ 句型训练

1. It turns out that all these problems can be

solved at once, _____
_____.

事实证明, 只要我们充分了解原因, 所有这些问题都可以被立即解决。

2. _____ for young people to see eye to eye with their parents on some points.

在某些方面, 年轻人几乎不可能与他们的父母意见一致。

3. As the professor puts it, _____
_____ determines success for all

people. 正如教授所说, 正是积极的态度决定了所有人的成功。

4. The car was bouncing up and down _____
_____ it.

车上下颠簸, 仿佛有人正在上面跳动。

5. _____ these innovations, classic Italian restaurants have to improve their service for customers. (pace)

为了跟上这些创新的步伐, 传统的意大利餐厅不得不提高自己对顾客的服务水平。

课后素养提升

Ⅶ 阅读理解 [2024·湖南长沙一中期末]

Reunions offer a chance to reflect on how much has changed. One happened in Hollywood when *Here* premiered (首映), bringing together the actors, director and writer behind *Forrest Gump* 40 years later for a new film. The stars were “de-aged” using new AI tools, making them more youthful in some scenes and enabling the filmmakers to see the transformation in real time while shooting.

With the use of generative AI in film making come things worth watching. The first is how AI will be used to tell new types of stories, as storytelling becomes more personalized and interactive. No one is quite sure how the nature of storytelling will change, but it is sure to. David Thomson, a film historian, compares generative AI to the advent of sound. When movies were no longer silent, it changed the way plot points were made and how deeply viewers could connect with characters. Cristóbal Valenzuela, who runs a company providing AI-enhanced software, says AI is like a “new kind of camera”, offering a fresh “opportunity to reimagine what stories are like”. Both are right.

Another big development to watch is how AI will be used as a time-saving tool.

Generative AI will automate and simplify complex tasks like film-editing and special effects. For a glimpse of the future, watch *Everything Everywhere All at Once*, which won the Academy Award for Best Picture in 2023. It featured a scene that used a “rotoscoping” tool to edit out the green-screen background and make a talking rock more believable. It shortened to hours for what might have otherwise taken days of video-editing.

What is also noticeable is more dramatic conflicts between creators and those running AI platforms. This year is likely to bring floods of lawsuits (诉讼) from authors, musicians and actors about how their works have been used to train AI systems without permission or payment. Perhaps they can agree on some sort of licencing arrangement, in which AI companies start paying copyright-holders.

It will probably be a few years before a full-length film is produced entirely by AI, but it is just a matter of time.

() 1. What can we learn about the film *Here*?
A. It relates a story about youth.
B. The theme of the film is reunion.
C. AI tools are employed in the film.
D. It is adapted from *Forrest Gump*.

() 2. What does David think of AI's application in film making?

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- A. Transformative. B. Destructive.
C. Representative. D. Irreplaceable.

() 3. Why does the author mention the film *Everything Everywhere All at Once*?

- A. To show the high efficiency of AI tools.
B. To demonstrate the influence of the film.
C. To analyse a novel way of video-editing.
D. To praise the hard work behind the scenes.

() 4. What is the article mainly about?

- A. Conflicts between man and machines.
B. AI's huge effects on film production.
C. Drawbacks of dependence on AI tools.
D. Hot debate on the use of technology.

Ⅶ 完形填空 [2024·重庆主城四区高二期末]

At just 7, Angelina Tsuboi discovered her passion for innovation. It all 1 with a simple maze (迷宫) game she coded in her Los Angeles public school's Grade 2 class. "I was 2 by the entire experience," she says.

Today, at 18, the Grade 12 student is not only a mobile and web developer 3 more than 20 programming languages, but a pilot with a 4 interest in aerospace cybersecurity. Her initial curiosity has 5 a deep-seated desire to use technology to solve real-world problems. "I think a lot of kids feel 6 because they don't know how their 7 could actually change the world," she says.

In 2021, as a tenth grader, she co-developed Megaphone, one of her first apps, to 8 frustrations. Her problem-solving 9 kept building from then. When she took online CPR classes at the start of the pandemic, she 10 it couldn't be just her who was struggling with the steps. So she created an app called CPR Buddy.

After winning an award, Angelina 11 her work to Apple CEO Tim Cook, a 12 in

her young career, but one she didn't lose her cool over. She was inspired by her own 13 as a child of a single mother who immigrated to the US from Japan.

Angelina's advice to other young people eager to solve problems? Think 14. "There's not enough optimism in the world," she says. "I have also been in situations where I've lost a lot of hope. But in the end, there are 15 to make it somewhat better."

- () 1. A. began B. closed
C. protected D. opened
- () 2. A. moved B. struggled
C. challenged D. inspired
- () 3. A. mastering B. lacking
C. starting D. avoiding
- () 4. A. common B. strong
C. general D. broad
- () 5. A. transformed into B. introduced into
C. integrated into D. grown into
- () 6. A. annoyed B. bored
C. trapped D. distracted
- () 7. A. words B. actions
C. movements D. languages
- () 8. A. interrupt B. address
C. appreciate D. cure
- () 9. A. confidence B. performance
C. expectation D. imagination
- () 10. A. feared B. promised
C. figured D. agreed
- () 11. A. served B. failed
C. offered D. presented
- () 12. A. limitation B. finding
C. contribution D. highlight
- () 13. A. experiences B. instructions
C. experiments D. assumptions
- () 14. A. creatively B. positively
C. critically D. extensively
- () 15. A. excuses B. needs
C. ways D. problems

Period Five Writing

① 阅读理解

[2024·辽宁部分高中高二期末联考]

Here's an AI tool you probably haven't considered. Google's AI-powered Search Generative Experience (SGE) is getting a mass of updates this December, including a feature that lets you dream up a product out of nothing with artificial intelligence, and then search the web for something similar that exists in the real world.

“We're introducing AI-powered image generation for shopping to put desired items into your cart (购物车),” said Julie Black, Google's Consumer Shopping Product Director. “Soon, when using SGE to search for clothes, you can generate photo-realistic images based on search terms and shop matching products.” For instance, assume you're looking for a winter coat. Type it in Google, and it'll show an image. You can modify it with prompts (提示) like “more colourful” or “metallic fabric”. After that, Google's image recognition searches through 35 billion products in its shopping tool to find the closest match online.

This new update brings AI improvements to Google's shopping tools, some available immediately. For users who choose to participate in, Google suggests AI-generated gift ideas based on search terms. If shopping for an amateur chef, users can search for “great gifts for home cooks” and Google will recommend AI-powered suggestions like traditional ingredients, culinary subscriptions, or cooking classes.

There's a new virtual home try-on feature. Enter a phrase and get results from participating brands with a “try on” button. Google shows AI-generated images of models wearing the clothes. You can choose from models who resemble you based on the body type and skin colour.

Google Search and its competitors organize the web by identifying keywords on a page. Users must phrase their questions in words Google can understand. Essentially, we're shaping our thoughts for a computer. The long-term vision of AI is computers' understanding of human language, enabling users to ask questions naturally.

These new shopping tools from Google seem fun; perhaps they'll be useful, or they might just be gimmicks (噱头). Either way, they may be a preview of the future.

- () 1. What is a feature of SGE?
- A. It identifies the price of goods.
 - B. It evaluates shoppers' shopping habits.
 - C. It tracks shoppers' preferences.
 - D. It creates realistic images based on search terms.
- () 2. What would Google show regarding “virtual try-on” feature?
- A. 3D images of model wearing actual products.
 - B. Virtual try-on effects of the shoppers themselves.
 - C. Virtual pictures of models posing with the products.
 - D. Detailed information and reviews of the products.

- () 3. What do users usually need to do when using Google search?
- A. Use specific keyword phrases.
B. Wait for AI to generate suggestions.
C. Select the most relevant link in the search results.
D. Express inquiries accessible to computing systems.
- () 4. What is the author's attitude towards Google's new shopping tool?
- A. Neutral. B. Sceptical.
C. Opposed. D. Supportive.

⑪ 阅读七选五 [2024·浙江宁波慈溪高二期末]

How to spot misinformation online

We've all seen it—an article online that seems absolutely crazy or unbelievable. 1. _____ Misinformation isn't just annoying, it can be false, misleading or even dangerous. But there's good news: you have tools you can use to help sort through misinformation and identify what's real and what's fake.

Pause and be sceptical about new information. Whenever you come across an article or post that you haven't seen before, take a second to consider it. Don't just scroll by accepting it as fact without exercising some scepticism first. 2. _____ It's better to investigate information to make sure it's legal before spreading it around.

3. _____ Look up the information at source to see if it was actually published there. Double-check the date of the article or information to make sure it's current and still accurate. Usually, the date is located next to the author of the article.

Check to see if you can tell who the original author is. Find out who wrote the

information by looking up the article or searching for their name. Check to see if the author is an expert who often covers the subject. If the author isn't listed, it's a sign that it could be false or misleading information. 4. _____

Watch out for information that triggers a strong emotional response. 5. _____ If you spot an article, a post or any other information that causes you to feel a super-strong emotion, be alert. It could be a sign that it's fake and designed to get a reaction out of you.

- A. It's okay to be doubtful!
B. Double-check the quote or the post.
C. Confirm the source and date of the information.
D. The thing is that there's a lot of misinformation out there these days.
E. If only one place is reporting something, the information may be false.
F. Misinformation is often designed to make you feel angry, sad, or scared.
G. An article by a registered doctor is more credible than one without an author mentioned.

⑫ 写作

第一节 应用文写作

假定你是李华,上周五你们班在学校科学俱乐部观看了一场科幻电影。请你给英国的朋友 Chris 写一封邮件分享这次经历。内容包括:

1. 电影简介; 2. 你的感想。

注意: 写作词数应为 80 个左右。

Dear Chris,

Best regards,

Li Hua

第二节 读后续写

[2024·四川成都蓉城联盟高二期末]

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

A writing assignment

Mrs Peabody, the English teacher, gave the class a writing assignment. “Write something in some way related to summer vacation,” she said. “Be as creative as you can. But,” the teacher added, “make sure you use proper spelling and grammar.”

That night Jim sat at his desk at home and stared at a blank sheet of paper. He didn't want to write about his summer vacation as usual. What could he write about, except a dog, a water park and two weeks of camp? Boring... He'd actually been happy to get back to school.

So he wrote what he wanted. It's not an essay at all but a short story, science fiction. It was about a distant planet that didn't have summer—it was spring all the time. And it didn't have vacations either. The aliens on the planet worked 24 hours a day. They wished they had vacations.

The next morning he handed in the story, but later that night he lay awake until 3 am, thinking, “Why did I do that? Will Mrs Peabody think I ignored the assignment?” English was his favourite class. Maybe he would beg Mrs Peabody for a chance to write another one, the sort she wanted.

But when he got to class the following day,

it turned out that Mrs Peabody had already read and graded the essays.

The teacher said, “I'm going to pass back your summer vacation writing in a minute. I'm afraid I've got some rather harsh words to say. Almost everyone in class simply wrote an essay about his or her summer vacation ... Almost everyone.”

“This is bad,” Jim thought. “I'm getting an F. I know it.”

“But,” the teacher continued, “one of you had the courage to be as imaginative as I asked you to be. Jim Martin was the only one who got an A on the assignment.”

Jim couldn't believe his ears.

注意:续写词数应为150个左右。

Paragraph 1:

When Mrs Peabody invited Jim to share some thoughts on his writing, other students were all looking at him expectantly. _____

Paragraph 2:

Mrs Peabody thought it was time to explain Jim's grade. _____

班级

姓名

题号

答题区

阅读理解

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七选五

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▶ 单元小测

Unit 1

❶ 单句填空

A. 词形转换及动词变化

1. At the sight of the _____ (urge) situation, John dashed to save the drowning man without hesitation.
2. Our classmates have been taking turns to do the cleaning since this semester, and there is a clear _____ (divide) of labour.
3. You should have a good plan for your holiday rather than spend it _____ (random).
4. Careful _____ (calculate) is required to determine the required amount of fuel.
5. On one side is a small canal and the other dorm-like rooms, cheap restaurants and _____ (mud) paths.
6. I quickly signed up for the overall sports club, had a look at the _____ (week) timetable and decided to try them all out.
7. Deep in sorrow, the man wondered how to fetch help, _____ (pace) up and down in the room nervously.
8. It was widely _____ (rumour) that she had stolen the money, which made her explode.
9. The grand sunrise and _____ (stun) scenery on Mount Tai create a strong visual impact on visitors.
10. It is reported that yesterday the device _____ (explode) by experts under controlled conditions.

B. 固定搭配及用法

11. He has formed the habit of getting up early and exercising _____ a daily basis, which enables him to keep physically healthy.
12. Doctors and nurses are to be instructed to

treat patients _____ dignity, kindness and compassion.

13. It's certainly clear that many animals' sense of smell is far superior _____ humans'.
14. An artificial intelligence expert said recently half of the world's current jobs would be taken _____ by AI within 15 years.
15. It was normal that his supporters fell _____ as his popularity declined.

❷ 句型训练

1. Here are some books, _____ .
这里有一些书,与其说是作为礼物,不如说是作为对您善意的报答。
2. _____ is struck by the history and brilliant culture it carries. (whoever 引导主语从句)
无论谁参观故宫,都会被它所承载的历史和灿烂的文化所打动。
3. When she ran to the door, _____ with a bunch of flowers in his hand. (全部倒装结构)
当她向门口跑去时,那儿站着一位手里拿着一束鲜花的中年男人。
4. _____ this robot can be put into use or not. (remain)
这个机器人能否投入使用还有待观察。
5. _____, the time their mother usually got up to make them breakfast, _____ they managed to get things done.

正是在早上7点他们才把事情做完,他们的母亲通常在这个时间起床给他们做早餐。

❸ 阅读理解 [2024·福建泉州高二期末]

The steam engine, electric lighting, refrigeration. If you're wondering what these things have in common, they're examples of

transformative technologies that lifted worker productivity. Does generative AI belong on that list?

Hardly a day passes without some news of the great things that so-called large language models (LLMs) can do—from writing academic papers to designing buildings—along with projections on how many jobs will be wiped out as companies figure out ways to apply the new technology. But economists are divided on whether the likes of OpenAI's ChatGPT or Google's Bard have the potential to jump-start productivity growth worldwide.

Researchers in a consulting firm project AI will deliver \$4.4 trillion in economic benefits annually to the global economy, equal to 4.4% of global output in 2022. Harvard professor Neeley likens the birth of generative AI to the arrival of the Internet. "It is exactly that moment we are facing again—that vital moment that forever changes how we work, how we interact with one another, how we think, and how we produce. We are at that moment again."

There are plenty of reasons to be sceptical, though. Robert Gordon, a professor at Northwestern University and author of *The Rise and Fall of American Growth*, argues that the Internet and AI haven't been as revolutionary as what economists call general-purpose technologies, such as electricity.

Worries about AI replacing workers have been at the centre of a labour dispute in Hollywood writers and actors. A survey by Microsoft found that 49% of the people say they're worried AI will replace their jobs.

On the flip side, blue-collar workers could benefit. "It won't change blue-collar work, but it will change who can get out of blue-collar work and get into better jobs," an economic historian at Cornell University says. "We are living through one of those turning points in human history."

- () 1. Why does the author mention OpenAI's ChatGPT and Google's Bard?
- A. To introduce a debate.
B. To define a concept.
C. To make a prediction.
D. To explain a technology.
- () 2. What does the underlined word "likens" mean in Paragraph 3?
- A. Contributes. B. Attaches.
C. Compares. D. Changes.
- () 3. What can we know about Robert Gordon?
- A. He is in favour of AI.
B. He acts as an electricity professor.
C. He is an economist and author.
D. He suspects AI's revolutionary role.
- () 4. What does the economic historian think about blue-collar work in the AI era?
- A. Doubtful. B. Promising.
C. Fascinating. D. Worrying.

IV 语法填空

Many quick service restaurant owners are looking ahead to a future where automation will play an important role. They believe it will be the key to greatly 1. _____ (increase) their thin profits and allow their workers to shine in the tasks no machine can do.

Many people are afraid of being replaced by a robot. But the 2. _____ (smart) and most creative robotic companies are creating intelligent machines that work alongside workers to make efficiency and profits increase 3. _____ (dramatic). Take Flippy, the arm-like robotic kitchen assistant 4. _____ an example. It turns burgers over, cooking them to 5. _____ (perfect), and lets its co-workers know the orders are ready. Not competing for people's jobs, such robots 6. _____ (design) to be cooperative ones, the cost-effective machines created to work with humans, not against them.

班级
姓名
题号
答案
阅读
1
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完形
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Quick service restaurants with tools like Flippy are the kind of places 7. _____ you keep coming back—you know the staff will always have time to give you 8. _____ answer to your detailed question and you will have your order on time, perfectly cooked.

Automation in restaurants will become even more crucial in the future. Owners then 9. _____ (need) workers to enforce updated safety regulations and interact with dissatisfied guests. With Flippy having their back in the kitchen, they won't have to worry about 10. _____ (burn) burgers.

● 完形填空 [2024·广东大湾区高二期末]

Writing a book is no easy task, even for adult professional writers. Many would-be authors dream of a day when their work can be found on 1 shelves. But for 8-year-old Dillon Helbig, that 2 has already become a reality in a 3 way.

Dillon created an 81-page graphic(图画的) 4 titled *The Adventures of Dillon Helbig's Crismis* on a hardcover notebook using coloured pencils. He 5 decorated the cover to make it look like a published book. Then, he brought the book to his local library, and secretly 6 it among the children's books.

Imagine the librarians' 7 when Dillon's mum called the next day to inform them of her son's "achievement". Instead of 8 it, they spent time reading the novel. Its 9 elements, featuring Santa, a walking bomb, and a talking turkey, caught their attention. They decided to officially 10 the book in their collection.

Now eager readers are waiting to 11 the book. If each reader kept it for the standard four weeks, it would take four years to 12

the waiting list. This experience has strengthened Dillon's resolve to pursue a career as a(n) 13.

Hats off to Dillon for following his dream and making it happen, to his supportive mum for 14 him, and to the librarians who 15 and protected a child's passion for writing.

- () 1. A. bookstore B. reading room
 C. library D. exhibition hall
- () 2. A. dream B. attempt
 C. task D. effort
- () 3. A. conventional B. negative
 C. natural D. unique
- () 4. A. plan B. novel
 C. program D. file
- () 5. A. illegally B. expertly
 C. immorally D. nicely
- () 6. A. claimed B. threw
 C. slipped D. stored
- () 7. A. amazement B. annoyance
 C. admiration D. disappointment
- () 8. A. borrowing B. investigating
 C. dismissing D. purchasing
- () 9. A. realistic B. cultural
 C. chemical D. imaginative
- () 10. A. publish B. include
 C. download D. remove
- () 11. A. check out B. carry out
 C. pull out D. work out
- () 12. A. sort B. clear
 C. revise D. recommend
- () 13. A. author B. librarian
 C. reader D. collector
- () 14. A. criticizing B. rewarding
 C. reminding D. encouraging
- () 15. A. recovered B. reviewed
 C. recognized D. revealed